

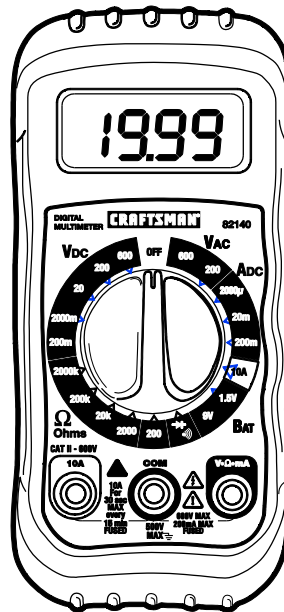
Owner's Manual

CRAFTSMAN

Digital MultiMeter
Model No. 82140

and

Voltage Detector
Model No. 82174



CAUTION: Read, understand and follow Safety Rules and Operating Instructions in this manual before using this product.

- Safety
- Operation
- Maintenance
- Español

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www.craftsman.com 022416

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ONE YEAR FULL WARRANTY

ONE YEAR FULL WARRANTY ON CRAFTSMAN MANUAL RANGING MULTIMETER

If this CRAFTSMAN Manual Ranging MultiMeter fails to give complete satisfaction within one year from the date of purchase, RETURN IT TO THE NEAREST SEARS STORE OR OTHER CRAFTSMAN OUTLET IN THE UNITED STATES, and Sears will replace it, free of charge.

If this CRAFTSMAN Manual Ranging MultiMeter is used for commercial or rental purposes, this warranty applies for 90 days from the date of purchase.

This warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may also have other rights which vary from state to state

Sears, Roebuck and Co., Dept. 817WA, Hoffman Estates, IL 60179

For Customer Assistance Call 9am-5 PM (EST)

Monday through Friday 1-888-326-1006

WARNING: USE EXTREME CAUTION IN THE USE OF THIS DEVICE.

Improper use of this device can result in injury or death. Follow all safeguards suggested in this manual. In addition to the normal safety precautions used in working with electrical circuits. DO NOT service this device if you are not qualified to do so.

SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

This meter has been designed for safe use, but must be operated with caution. The rules listed below must be carefully followed for safe operation.

1. **NEVER** apply voltage or current to the meter that exceeds the specified maximum:

Input Limits	
Function	Maximum Input
VAC	600V DC/AC
V DC or V AC	600V DC/AC, 200Vrms on 200mV range
mA DC	200mA 250V fast acting fuse
A DC	10A 250V fast acting fuse(30 seconds max every 15 minutes)
Resistance, Continuity	250Vrms for 15sec max

2. **USE EXTREME CAUTION** when working with high voltages.
3. **DO NOT** measure voltage if the voltage on the "COM" input jack exceeds 500V above earth ground.
4. **NEVER** connect the meter leads across a voltage source while the function switch is in the current, resistance, or diode mode. Doing so can damage the meter.
5. **ALWAYS** discharge filter capacitors in power supplies and disconnect the power when making resistance or diode tests.
6. **ALWAYS** turn off the power and disconnect the test leads before opening the doors to replace the fuse or batteries.
7. **NEVER** operate the meter unless the back cover and the battery and fuse doors are in place and fastened securely.

SAFETY SYMBOLS



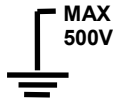
This symbol adjacent to another symbol, terminal or operating device indicates that the operator must refer to an explanation in the Operating Instructions to avoid personal injury or damage to the meter.

WARNING

This **WARNING** symbol indicates a potentially hazardous situation, which if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

CAUTION

This **CAUTION** symbol indicates a potentially hazardous situation, which if not avoided, may result damage to the product.



This symbol advises the user that the terminal(s) so marked must not be connected to a circuit point at which the voltage with respect to earth ground exceeds (in this case) 500 VAC or VDC.



This symbol adjacent to one or more terminals identifies them as being associated with ranges that may, in normal use, be subjected to particularly hazardous voltages. For maximum safety, the meter and its test leads should not be handled when these terminals are energized.

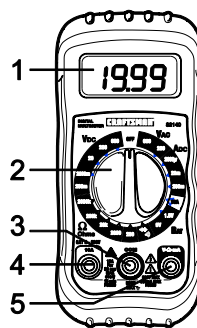


This symbol indicates that a device is protected throughout by double insulation or reinforced insulation.

CONTROLS AND JACKS

1. LCD Display
2. Function switch
3. COM jack
4. 10A jack
5. Positive jack

Note: Tilt stand, fuse and battery compartment are on rear of unit.



SYMBOLS AND ANNUNCIATORS

•)))	Continuity
▶+	Diode test
μ	micro (amps)
m	milli (volts, amps)
k	kilo (ohms)
Ω	ohms
VDC	volts direct current
VAC	volts alternating current
ADC	amps direct current
	Battery low

SPECIFICATIONS

Function	Range	Resolution	Accuracy
DC Voltage (V DC)	200mV	0.1mV	$\pm(0.5\% \text{ reading} + 2 \text{ digits})$
	2000mV	1mV	
	20V	0.01V	
	200V	0.1V	
	600V	1V	
AC Voltage (V AC)	200V	0.1V	$\pm(1.2\% \text{ reading} + 10 \text{ digits})$ (50/60Hz)
	600V	1V	
DC Current (A DC)	2000 μ A	1 μ A	$\pm(1.0\% \text{ reading} + 2 \text{ digits})$
	20mA	10 μ A	$\pm(1.2\% \text{ reading} + 2 \text{ digits})$
	200mA	100 μ A	
	10A	10mA	
Resistance	200 Ω	0.1 Ω	$\pm(0.8\% \text{ reading} + 2 \text{ digits})$
	2000 Ω	1 Ω	
	20k Ω	0.01k Ω	
	200k Ω	0.1k Ω	
	2000k Ω	1k Ω	$\pm(1.0\% \text{ reading} + 2 \text{ digits})$
Battery Test	9V	10mV	$\pm(1.0\% \text{ reading} + 2 \text{ digits})$
	1.5V	10mV	

NOTE: Accuracy specifications consist of two elements:

- (% reading) – This is the accuracy of the measurement circuit.
- (+ digits) – This is the accuracy of the analog to digital converter.

NOTE: Accuracy is stated at 65°F to 83°F (18°C to 28°C) and less than 75% RH.

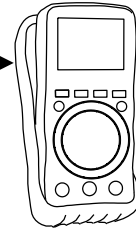
SPECIFICATIONS

Diode Test	Test current of 1mA maximum, open circuit voltage 2.8V DC typical
Continuity Check	Audible signal will sound if the resistance is less than approximately 30Ω
Battery Test current	9V (6mA); 1.5V (100mA)
Input Impedance	>1MΩ
ACV Bandwidth	45Hz to 450Hz
DCA voltage drop	200mV
Display	3 ½ digit, 2000 count LCD, 0.5" digits
Overrange indication	"1" is displayed
Polarity	Automatic (no indication for positive polarity); Minus (-) sign for negative polarity.
Measurement Rate	2 times per second, nominal
Low Battery Indication	"BAT" is displayed if battery voltage drops below operating voltage
Battery	one 9 volt (NEDA 1604) battery
Fuses	mA, μA ranges; 0.2A/250V fast blow A range; 10A/250V fast blow
Operating Temperature	41°F to 104°F (5°C to 40°C)
Storage Temperature	-4°F to 140°F (-20°C to 60°C)
Operating Humidity	Max 80% up to 87°F (31°C) decreasing linearly to 50% at 104°F (40°C)
Storage Humidity	<80%
Operating Altitude	7000ft. (2000) meters maximum.
Weight	9.17 oz. (260g).
Size	4.78" x 2.38" x 1.57" (121.5mm x 60.6mm x 40mm)
Safety	For indoor use and in accordance with Overvoltage Category II, Pollution Degree 2. Category II includes local level, appliance, portable equipment, etc., with transient overvoltage less than Overvoltage Category III.

BATTERY INSTALLATION

WARNING: To avoid electric shock, disconnect the test leads from any source of voltage before removing the battery door.

1. Disconnect the test leads from the meter.
2. Remove the protective red rubber cover (holster) from the black meter.
3. Open the battery door (top panel) by loosening the screw using a Phillips head screwdriver.
4. Insert the battery into battery holder, observing the correct polarity.
5. Put the battery door back in place. Secure with the screw.
6. Replace the red rubber cover (holster) over the meter for protection.



WARNING: To avoid electric shock, do not operate the meter until the battery door is in place and fastened securely.

NOTE: If your meter does not work properly, check the fuses and batteries to make sure that they are still good and that they are properly inserted.

OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

WARNING: Risk of electrocution. High-voltage circuits, both AC and DC, are very dangerous and should be measured with great care.

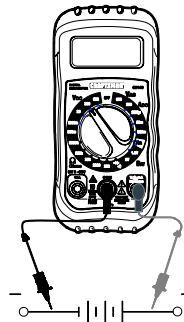
1. ALWAYS turn the function switch to the OFF position when the meter is not in use.
2. If “1” appears in the display during a measurement, the value exceeds the range you have selected. Change to a higher range.

NOTE: On some low AC and DC voltage ranges, with the test leads not connected to a device, the display may show a random, changing reading. This is normal and is caused by the high-input sensitivity. The reading will stabilize and give a proper measurement when connected to a circuit.

DC VOLTAGE MEASUREMENTS

CAUTION: Do not measure DC voltages if a motor on the circuit is being switched ON or OFF. Large voltage surges may occur that can damage the meter.

1. Set the function switch to the highest V DC position.
2. Insert the black test lead banana plug into the negative (COM) jack. Insert the red test lead banana plug into the positive (V) jack.
3. Touch the black test probe tip to the negative side of the circuit. Touch the red test probe tip to the positive side of the circuit.
4. Read the voltage in the display. Reset the function switch to successively lower V DC positions to obtain a higher resolution reading. The display will indicate the proper decimal point and value. If the polarity is reversed, the display will show (-) minus before the value.

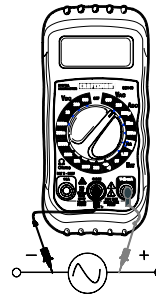


AC VOLTAGE MEASUREMENTS

WARNING: Risk of Electrocution. The probe tips may not be long enough to contact the live parts inside some 240V outlets for appliances because the contacts are recessed deep in the outlets. As a result, the reading may show 0 volts when the outlet actually has voltage on it. Make sure the probe tips are touching the metal contacts inside the outlet before assuming that no voltage is present.

CAUTION: Do not measure AC voltages if a motor on the circuit is being switched ON or OFF. Large voltage surges may occur that can damage the meter.

1. Set the function switch to the highest V AC position.
2. Insert the black test lead banana plug into the negative (COM) jack. Insert red test lead banana plug into the positive (V) jack.
3. Touch the black test probe tip to the negative side of the circuit. Touch the red test probe tip to the positive side of the circuit.
4. Read the voltage in the display. Reset the function switch to successively lower V AC positions to obtain a higher resolution reading. The display will indicate the proper decimal point and value.



DC CURRENT MEASUREMENTS

CAUTION: Do not make current measurements on the 10A scale for longer than 30 seconds. Exceeding 30 seconds may cause damage to the meter and/or the test leads.

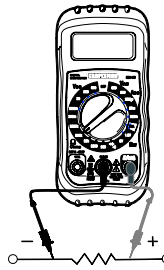
1. Insert the black test lead banana plug into the negative (COM) jack.
2. For current measurements up to 200mA DC, set the function switch to the highest DC mA position and insert the red test lead banana plug into the (mA) jack.
3. For current measurements up to 10A DC, set the function switch to the 10A range and insert the red test lead banana plug into the (10A) jack.
4. Remove power from the circuit under test, then open up the circuit at the point where you wish to measure current.
5. Touch the black test probe tip to the negative side of the circuit. Touch the red test probe tip to the positive side of the circuit.
6. Apply power to the circuit.
7. Read the current in the display. For mA DC measurements, reset the function switch to successively lower mA DC positions to obtain a higher resolution reading. The display will indicate the proper decimal point and value.



RESISTANCE MEASUREMENTS

WARNING: To avoid electric shock, disconnect power to the unit under test and discharge all capacitors before taking any resistance measurements. Remove the batteries and unplug the line cords.

1. Set the function switch to the highest Ω position.
2. Insert the black test lead banana plug into the negative (COM) jack
Insert the red test lead banana plug into the positive Ω jack.
3. Touch the test probe tips across the circuit or part under test. It is best to disconnect one side of the part under test so the rest of the circuit will not interfere with the resistance reading.
4. Read the resistance in the display and then set the function switch to the lowest Ω position that is greater than the actual or any anticipated resistance. The display will indicate the proper decimal point and value.



CONTINUITY CHECK

WARNING: To avoid electric shock, never measure continuity on circuits or wires that have voltage on them.

1. Set the function switch to the $\rightarrow \bullet \rightarrow$ position.
2. Insert the black lead banana plug into the negative (COM) jack
Insert the red test lead banana plug into the positive (Ω) jack.
3. Touch the test probe tips to the circuit or wire you wish to check.
4. If the resistance is less than approximately 30Ω , the audible signal will sound. If the circuit is open, the display will indicate "1".



DIODE TEST

1. Insert the black test lead banana plug into the negative **COM** jack and the red test lead banana plug into the positive diode jack.
2. Turn the rotary switch to the $\rightarrow / \bullet \rangle \rangle \rangle$ position.
3. Touch the test probes to the diode under test. Forward voltage will indicate 400 to 700mV. Reverse voltage will indicate "1". Shorted devices will indicate near 0mV. Shorted devices will indicate near 0mV and an open device will indicate "1" in both polarities.



BATTERY TEST

1. Insert the black test lead banana plug into the negative **COM** jack and the red test lead banana plug into the positive **V** jack.
2. Select the **1.5V** or **9V BAT** position using the function select switch.
3. Connect the red test lead to the positive side of the 1.5V or 9V battery and the black test lead to the negative side of the 1.5V or 9V battery.
4. Read the voltage in the display.



	Good	Weak	Bad
9V battery:	>8.2V	7.2 to 8.2V	<7.2V
1.5V battery:	>1.35V	1.22 to 1.35V	<1.22V

MAINTENANCE

WARNING: To avoid electric shock, disconnect the test leads from any source of voltage before removing the back cover or the battery or fuse doors.


WARNING: To avoid electric shock, do not operate your meter until the battery and fuse doors are in place and fastened securely.

This MultiMeter is designed to provide years of dependable service, if the following care instructions are performed:

1. **KEEP THE METER DRY.** If it gets wet, wipe it off.
2. **USE AND STORE THE METER IN NORMAL TEMPERATURES.**
Temperature extremes can shorten the life of the electronic parts and distort or melt plastic parts.
3. **HANDLE THE METER GENTLY AND CAREFULLY.** Dropping it can damage the electronic parts or the case.
4. **KEEP THE METER CLEAN.** Wipe the case occasionally with a damp cloth. DO NOT use chemicals, cleaning solvents, or detergents.
5. **USE ONLY FRESH BATTERIES OF THE RECOMMENDED SIZE AND TYPE.** Remove old or weak batteries so they do not leak and damage the unit.
6. **IF THE METER IS TO BE STORED FOR A LONG PERIOD OF TIME,** the batteries should be removed to prevent damage to the unit.

REPLACING THE BATTERIES

WARNING: To avoid electric shock, disconnect the test leads from any source of voltage before removing the battery door.

1. When the batteries become exhausted or drop below the operating voltage, " " will appear in the LCD display. The batteries should be replaced.
2. Follow instructions for installing batteries. See the Battery Installation section of this manual.
3. Dispose of the old batteries properly.

WARNING: To avoid electric shock, do not operate your meter until the battery door is in place and fastened securely.

REPLACING THE FUSES

WARNING: To avoid electric shock, disconnect the test leads from any source of voltage before removing the fuse door.

1. Disconnect the test leads from the meter and any item under test.
2. Remove the protective rubber holster.
3. Open the fuse door by loosening the screw on the door using a Phillips head screwdriver.
4. Remove the old fuse from its holder by gently pulling it out.
5. Install the new fuse into the holder.
6. Always use a fuse of the proper size and value (0.2A/250V fast blow for the 200mA range, 10A/250V fast blow for the 10A range). (5x20mm)
7. Put the fuse door back in place. Insert the screw and tighten it securely.

WARNING: To avoid electric shock, do not operate your meter until the fuse door is in place and fastened securely.

UL LISTED

The UL mark does not indicate that this product has been evaluated for the accuracy of its readings.

TROUBLESHOOTING

There may be times when your meter does not operate properly. Here are some common problems that you may have and some easy solutions to them.

Meter Does Not Operate:

1. Always read all the instructions in this manual before use.
2. Check to be sure the batteries are properly installed.
3. Check to be sure the batteries are good.
4. If the battery is good and the meter still does not operate, check to be sure that both ends of the fuse are properly installed.

If You Do Not Understand How the Meter Works:

Call our Customer Service Line **1-888-326-1006**.
9 am – 5 pm Eastern Time, M - F

SERVICE AND PARTS

Item Number	Description
82374	Fuse kit
93894	9V battery
82378	Set of black and red Test Leads

For replacement parts shipped directly to your home
Call Sears Parts Direct
1-800-252-1698

Owner's Manual



Voltage Detector Model No. 82174

CAUTION: Read, understand and follow Safety Rules and Operating Instructions in this manual before using this product.

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FIVE YEAR FULL WARRANTY

FIVE YEAR FULL WARRANTY ON CRAFTSMAN Voltage Detector.
If this CRAFTSMAN Voltage Detector fails to give complete satisfaction within five years from the date of purchase, RETURN IT TO THE NEAREST SEARS STORE OR OTHER CRAFTSMAN OUTLET IN THE UNITED STATES, and Sears will replace it, free of charge.

If this CRAFTSMAN Voltage Detector is used for commercial or rental purposes, this warranty applies for 90 days from the date of purchase.

This warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may also have other rights which vary from state to state

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For Customer Assistance Call 9am-5 PM (EST), Monday through Friday 1-888-326-1006

WARNING: USE EXTREME CAUTION IN THE USE OF THIS DEVICE. Improper use of this device can result in injury or death. Follow all safeguards suggested in this manual in addition to the normal safety precautions used in working with electrical circuits. DO NOT service this device if you are not qualified to do so.

SAFETY SYMBOLS



This symbol adjacent to another symbol, terminal or operating device indicates that the operator must refer to an explanation in the Operating Instructions to avoid personal injury or damage to the Voltage Detector.

WARNING

This **WARNING** symbol indicates a potentially hazardous situation, which if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

CAUTION

This **CAUTION** symbol indicates a potentially hazardous situation, which if not avoided, may result in damage to the Voltage Detector.



This symbol indicates that a device is protected throughout by double insulation or reinforced insulation.

UL LISTED

The UL mark does not indicate that this product has been evaluated for the accuracy of its readings.

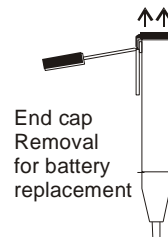
SPECIFICATIONS

Voltage Sensitivity	100 to 240V AC
Frequency	50/60Hz
Detection distance	<0.2"
Over voltage	Category III 600V
Operating Temperature	32 to 122°F (0 to 50°C)
Storage Temperature	-4 to 140°F (-20 to 60°C)
Humidity	Max 80% up to 87°F (31°C) decreasing linearly to 50% at 104°F (40°C)
Altitude	<2000 meters (6561 feet)
Battery	2 AAA batteries
Dimensions/Weight	6.0 x 0.84 x 1.0 inches / 0.86 oz.
Safety	For indoor use and in accordance with Overvoltage Category III, Pollution Degree 2.

BATTERY INSTALLATION

7. Open the battery door (end cap) by gently prying up/out at the pocket clip using a small screwdriver.
8. Insert two AAA batteries (observe polarity).
9. Replace the battery door.

NOTE: If your meter does not work properly, check the battery to make sure that it still good and that it is properly inserted.



WARNING: To avoid electric shock, do not operate the meter until the battery cover is in place and fastened securely.

OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

WARNING: Risk of Electrocution. High-voltage circuits, both AC and DC, are very dangerous and should be measured with great care.

AC VOLTAGE DETECTION

WARNING: Risk of Electrocution. Before using to check for voltage in an outlet, always test the Voltage Detector on a known live circuit to verify that the Voltage Detector is working properly.

WARNING: Risk of Electrocution. Keep hands and fingers on the body of the probe and away from the probe tip

To check for the presence of AC electrical voltage in an outlet:

1. Touch the probe tip to a cord plugged into the outlet, or insert the probe tip into all the outlet holes.
2. If AC electrical voltage is present, the detector light will flash and the audible warning will sound.

NOTE: Random beeps and flashes due to detection of static charges are normal. Detection of "live" conductors will produce a steady flash and beep.